NON-FERROUS METALS SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING

Entrance exam for full-time second cycle studies

Questions for the 2019/2020 academic year

Guiding questions

- 1. Define the constants of elasticity, Young's modulus, shear modulus and Poisson's ratio for an isotropic body.
- 2. What conditions favour dendrite growth and what is dendritic segregation?
- 3. Describe the atomic diffusion mechanisms. Name the 1st and 2nd Fick's law and describe the rapid diffusion lengths.
- 4. What is hardness? Describe the Rockwell, Vickers and Birnell hardness tests, including the following details: what does the measurement consist in, used indenters, advantages/disadvantages, what materials are suitable for individual methods.
- 5. Describe the course of the ageing process in Al-Cu alloys. Characterize the phases which occur at individual stages and discuss their impact on the plastic and strength properties of the alloy.
- 6. Define the concept of carbon steel, alloy steel, cast iron and cast steel.
- 7. Characterize examples of diffusional and diffusionless transformation.
- 8. Characterize homogenous and heterogeneous nucleation during solidification.
- 9. Describe the processes of quenching and tempering steel alloys.
- 10. Homogenous and heterogonous plastic flow of deformed metals.
- 11. Structural testing methods, resolving power of the given method and types of microstructural elements which can be assessed/investigated using the given method.
- 12. The effect of dynamic recrystallization on the shape of the σ - ϵ curve and the structure of deformed material.
- 13. What is composite? Name and describe the division of composites.
- 14. Characterize interatomic bonds, provide examples.
- 15. Describe the solution hardening mechanisms for metal alloys. Name the rules of solid solution formation.
- 16. Define the notion of nanomaterial. Name the types of nanomaterials in terms of dimensions and application.
- 17. Derive the general form of deformation matrix and provide its specific form for a selected slip system.
- 18. Characterize and example of transformation with liquid phase and transformation in solid state (without liquid phase).
- 19. What is the purpose of microscopic examinations? Describe the observation method in bright and dark field.
- 20. Describe the processes of recovery and recrystallization of metals and metal alloys.
- 21. Name and application of an electron beam in material structure tests.
- 22. Discuss the impact of the grain size on the plastic and strength properties of metals.
- 23. The influence of temperature and deformation rate on the mechanical characteristics of deformed metals.
- 24. Name and describe the basic systems of phase equilibrium in binary alloys.

- 25. Draw charts of a tension curve for a material with a distinct yield point and for a material without a yield point. On one chart, draw the tension curve for pure copper in a recrystallized and strain-hardened state.
- 26. Describe the A1 structure type; name 3 crystallizing elements in this arrangement, draw a unit cell, name: space filling, coordination number, slip systems.
- 27. Describe the creep mechanisms in metals and metal alloys. How can one prevent the creep?
- 28. Based on your partial knowledge of the Cu-Zn equilibrium system, define the plastic working temperature of transient brasses ($\alpha + \beta$) and substantiate your choice.
- 29. Justify the concepts of dislocation and provide definitions of the Burgers vector for edge and screw dislocation.
- 30. Draw and describe a chart presenting the dependence between Gibbs free energy and temperature.
- 31. Draw a curve of a uniaxial tension of recrystallized material and determine the following on the chart: yield point, tensile strength, elongation. Based on the tension curve, draw a material hardening curve and, thereon, mark the specific work of the plastic strain.
- 32. What does "alloy hyperquenching" consist in? Name an example of an alloy subject to hyperquenching.
- 33. Types of solid solutions in metal alloys and conditions of forming continuous and limited solid solutions.
- 34. Name and characterize the types of crystalline lattice defects.
- 35. Characterize the mechanisms of plastic strain in metals.
- 36. Low- and high-temperature metal strain name the division criteria.
- 37. List at least 3 types of intermetallic phases and describe their structural properties.
- 38. Structural processes occurring during ageing of aluminium alloys series 2000 (Al-Cu, Mg) and their effect on product properties.
- 39. What is a slide system. List slide systems in lattice A1, A2 and A3.
- 40. Give the general Hooke's law and reduce the number of spring constants for hexagonal crystals.
- 41. List and briefly describe the Bravais lattice types.
- 42. Describe the radiation spectrum of an X-ray lamp. Describe the formation mechanism of K-alpha emission lines.
- 43. Discuss the basic dislocations of RSC and RPZ cubic lattices and the HZ lattice.
- 44. Discuss the methods of metal and metal alloy casting.
- 45. Heat treatment of aluminium series 6000 (Al-Mg-Ai) structural processes and their effect on product properties.
- 46. Discuss the ageing process (natural, artificial). Equilibrium system, with which the ageing process is possible or impossible.
- 47. List and discuss aluminium alloy series (casting alloy series and wrought alloy series). List and discuss the states of wrought alloys.
- 48. Characterize the processes of applying coatings from gaseous phase (PVD and CVD). Provide examples of coatings applied using these methods.
- 49. Morphology, properties and application of superficial layers.
- 50. Characterize ideal solutions, regular solutions, non-ideal solutions, ordered solutions.

Supplementary questions

- 1. Discuss the behaviour of an electrode in equilibrium conditions and in polarization conditions.
- 2. Discuss the notions of van Hoff's isotherm and isobar, present them graphically.
- 3. Explain Gibbs' phase rule and Le Chatelier's principle, provide examples using reactions,
- 4. List the methods of obtaining lead and discuss one of them in detail.
- 5. Discuss winning of aluminium oxide using the Bayer method in an $Na_2O-Al_2O_3-H_2O$ system.
- 6. Discuss obtaining of aluminium using the method of fused salts electrolysis, draw one of the types of electrolysers.
- 7. Discuss the sulphide roasting theory and the process of roasting Zn concentrates in a fluidized bed.
- 8. Discuss the process of obtaining zinc using the IS method.
- 9. Characterize the process of obtaining copper in a fluidized-bed oven and shaft furnace, discuss the differences.
- 10. Describe the stages of converting copper matte, draw a convector.
- 11. List and discuss typical defects of products rolled from non-ferrous metals.
- 12. Using the example of the bell casting procedure, discuss and characterize the stages of the process of making casts in sand moulds.
- 13. Draw and discuss an example of a process of continuous casting of round ingots of nonferrous metals. Sketch a continuous casting mould, including key structural elements.
- 14. List the basic processes of plastic working of metals; based on diagrams, briefly characterize each of them.
- 15. Draw the distribution of unit pressure along the length of the roll gap in cold and hot rolling. Discuss the factors affecting the magnitude of unit pressure.
- 16. Discuss the condition of metal being gripped by the rollers in the rolling process.
- 17. Name the methods of pipe drawing and discuss the types of used tools and devices.
- 18. Define the extrusion process and the material effective strain(s) in this process. Indicate the differences between direct and indirect extrusion.
- 19. List the basic processes of metal sheet forming, draw a diagram and describe the drawing process, discuss the phenomena which restrict this process.
- 20. Define the effective strains for the lengthening process, define the relation between the relative and true strain; demonstrate additivity of true strains.

The candidate is to provide a written answer to two directional and one supplementary question.